## Art and Design Progression Document



## Early Years

| Nursery | Physical Development |  | - Use large-muscle movements to wave flags and streamers,paint and make marks. <br> - Choose the right resources to carry out their own plan. <br> - Use one-handed tools and equipment, for example, making snips in paper with scissors. <br> - Use a comfortable grip with good control when holding pens and pencils. |
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|  | Expressive Arts and Design |  | - Explore different materials freely, in order to develop their ideas about how to use them and what to make. <br> - Develop their own ideas and then decide which materials to use to express them. <br> - Join different materials and explore different textures. <br> - Create closed shapes with continuous lines, and begin to use these shapes to represent objects. <br> - Draw with increasing complexity and detail, such as representing a face with a circle and including details. <br> - Use drawing to represent ideas like movement or loud noises. <br> - Show different emotions in their drawings and paintings, like happiness, sadness, fear, etc. <br> - Explore colour and colour mixing. |
| Reception | Physical Development |  | - Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently. <br> - Use their core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting at a table or sitting on the floor. <br> - Develop overall body-strength, balance, coordination and agility. |
|  | Expressive Arts and Design |  | - Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings. <br> - Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them. <br> - Create collaboratively, sharing ideas, resources and skills. |
| ELGG | Physical Development | Fine <br> Motor Skills | - Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing - using the tripod grip in almost all cases. <br> - Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paintbrushes and cutlery. <br> - Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing. |
|  | Expressive Arts and Design | Creating with Materials | - Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function. <br> - Share their creations, explaining the process they have used. |

## Working Artistically

|  | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
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| Skills and Techniques | Pupils should be taught to: <br> - use a range of materials creatively to design and make products <br> - use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination <br> - develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space |  | Pupils should be taught to: <br> - create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas <br> - improve their mastery of art and design techniques including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials (for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay) |  |  |  |
| Creating Ideas - | Work from observation and known objects Handa's surprise observational drawings fruit <br> Use imagination to form simple images from given starting points or a description (Picasso surreal face building) <br> Begin to collect ideas in a sketchbook <br> Work with different materials e.g. clay, pastels, felt tips, pencils, paint, collage | Work from observation and known objects <br> Use imagination to form more detailed images from given starting points or a description <br> Continue/add to collected ideas in a sketchbook <br> Work with different materials <br> Begin to think what materials best suit the task | Develop sketch books <br> Use a variety of ways to record ideas including iPads <br> Develop artistic/visual vocabulary to discuss work <br> Begin to reflect suggest improvements to own work <br> Experiment with a wider range of materials <br> Present work in a variety of guided ways | Continue to develop sketch books <br> Use a variety of ways to record ideas including digital cameras and iPads <br> Develop artistic/visual vocabulary to discuss work <br> Begin to reflectively suggest improvements to own work and highlight the strengths in others Experiment with a wider range of materials <br> Present work in a variety of ways, moving away from guided suggestions | Select and develop ideas confidently, using suitable materials confidently <br> Improve quality of sketchbook with mixed media work and annotations <br> Select own images and starting points for work <br> Develop artistic/visual vocabulary when talking about own work and that of others <br> Begin to explore possibilities, using and combining different styles and techniques | Select and develop ideas confidently, using suitable materials confidently <br> Improve quality of sketchbook with mixed media work and annotations <br> Select own images and starting points for work <br> Develop artistic/visual vocabulary when talking about own work and that of others <br> Begin to explore possibilities, using and combining different styles and techniques |


| Drawing and Mark Making | To control lines to create simple drawings from observations - fruit <br> Use thick felt tip pens/chalks/charcoal/ wax crayon/Pastel - <br> Picasso <br> Hold a large paint brush correctly - Picasso <br> Make marks using paint with a variety of tools eg. corks, fruit, cotton wool, leaves, sticks - links to printing <br> Colour/paint within own drawn lines <br> Draw on smaller and larger scales <br> Use of tracing to learn how to transport own drawn outlines | To control lines to create more detailed drawings from observations Dinosaurs, Nocturnal Animals <br> Use chalks and pastels on darker background papers (highlighting the lighter colours as opposed to adding the dark) - Nocturnal <br> Animals <br> Consider consistency when applying paint dinosaurs <br> Colour within the drawn line <br> Draw on smaller and larger scales <br> Begin to add detail to line drawings (Introduce $H, H B$ and $B$ re: graded pencils) <br> Use of tracing - repeat outline drawings and add more details in a variety of ways. | Use sketchbooks to record drawings from observation <br> Experiment with different tones using graded pencils ( $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{HB}, \mathrm{B}, 2 \mathrm{~B}$ ) <br> Include increased detail within work <br> Draw using a variety of tools and on a range surfaces (paint, chalk, charcoal, pastel and pen) <br> Use a variety of brushes and experiment with ways of marking with them | Use sketchbooks to record drawings from observation <br> Experiment with different tones using graded pencils $(3 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, H, HB, B, 2B, 3B) Extend where possible. <br> Include increased detail within work <br> To study and draw outlines of 2D forms, ready for 3D representation. <br> Draw in a range of scales <br> Draw using a variety of tools and surfaces (paint, pastel, pen and ink) <br> Use a variety of brushes and experiment with ways of marking with them <br> Develop shadows to create a spherical image | Use first hand observations using different viewpoints, developing more abstract representations <br> Introduce perspective, fore/back and middle ground <br> Use a range of drawing mediums on a range of self-produced backgrounds <br> Work indoors and outdoors <br> Show total qualities using cross hatching and side strokes, | Use first hand observations using different viewpoints, developing more abstract Representations landmark weaving <br> Consciously consider perspective, fore/back and middle ground <br> Investigate proportions (links to facial features) <br> Use a range of mediums on a range of self-produced backgrounds <br> Work indoors and outdoors <br> Show total qualities using cross hatching, pointillism, side strokes, use of rubber to draw/highlight smudged lead - facial expressions |
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| Painting and use of colour | Recognise and name primary and secondary Colours (orange, purple and green) <br> Mix primary colours to make secondary colours Reinforced via Year 2 dinosaur | Share colour charts to compare variations of the same colour - e.g. green - Dinosaurs <br> Create and experiment with shades of colour and name some of these - Dinosaurs | Mix and match colours (create palettes to match images) Links to shadow making. <br> Experiment with watercolour, exploring colour to develop shades | Begin to experiment with colour to create more abstract colour palettes (e.g. blues for leaves) <br> Experiment with watercolour, exploring intensity of colour to add depth and develop an | Develop/extend watercolour colour exploration techniques (monochromatic approach extending to one warm, one cool colour added for light and dark) | Investigate working on canvas experiment with colour in creating an effect - acrylic paint. <br> Explore using limited colour palettes - build on monochromatic approach extending to |


|  | Recognise warm and cold colours - Picasso <br> To know how to mix and create background colour washing (darker colours re: Picasso background) | Create washes to form backgrounds (conscious colour blending) <br> Explore the relationship between mood and colour <br> Lighten and darken tones using black and white - Dinosaurs | Consider complementary and opposing colours in creating patterns | extended palette of secondary shades (saturation levels) <br> Explore complementary and opposing colours in creating patterns | Mark make with paint e.g. dashes, blocks of colour, strokes, points <br> Develop fine brush strokes | one warm, one cool colour added for light and dark - Screen printing preparation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Printing | Finger print, sponge print, block print to form patterns, experiment with amounts of paint applied and develop control - fruit/veg printing repeating patterns <br> Teacher-led: Experiment with marbling, investigating how ink floats and changes with movement | Develop controlled printing against outline /within cut out shapes - <br> Use boxes to print to explore possibilities different sized boxes create different lines/ shapes/patterns (e.g. matchboxes)- | Use simple block shapes formed/cut by children <br> Make string print, create low relief prints with string on cardboard and form repeated patterns which tessellate (mosaic). <br> Form string roller prints to create continuous patterns | Use oil-based marbling inks for a transfer print. <br> Blend two or more colours when printing - <br> Solar system <br> Roller and ink printing. <br> Using roller \& inks, take prints from existing objects to create textured papers (leaves, fabric, corrugated card) | Create polystyrene printing blocks to use with roller and ink (relief printing) - extend to monoprint (Rainforest collage) <br> Design and create motifs to be turned into printing block images <br> Investigate techniques from paper printing to work on fabrics | Continue exploring monoprinting, extending colour pallet and range on fabric <br> To know how to screen print <br> Experiment with the process of stencil cutting and colour layering consideration of positive and negative space |
| Sculpture | Develop understanding of 2D and 3D in terms of artwork - paintings/ sculptures <br> Investigate a range of different materials and experiment with how they can be connected together to form simple structures <br> Look at sculptures and try to recreate them using everyday objects/range of | Develop understanding of 2D and 3D in terms of artwork - paintings/ sculptures <br> Investigate clay scratch and slip, coiling and add textures using tools - Dinosaur models <br> Look at sculptures by known artists and natural objects as starting points for own work | Develop confidence working with clay adding greater detail and texture <br> Add colour once clay is dried <br> Investigate clay scratch and slip, layering and add attention to detail using textures and tools <br> Use pipe cleaners/wire to create sculptures of | Create work on a larger scale as a group or as smaller pieces <br> To build an armature using shape from original forms (applying mod-roc in modelling) - Egyptian Canopic jars | Design and create sculpture, both small and large scale <br> Use objects around us to form sculptures <br> Use a variety of wires to create malleable forms (e.g. Floristry wire, chicken wire) | Design and create sculpture, both small and large scale <br> Create human forms showing movement (e.g. facial expression), using clay or wire armature <br> Build up 'padded' areas to show muscles or definition to create forms (e.g. on a wire armature with newspaper for muscle and covered with |


|  | materials (e.g. Lego, n rolls, pebbles, boxes, bottles, kitchen rolls playdough/plasticine) <br> Investigate clay pinching, rolling, twisting, smoothing and add textures using tools <br> To use knowledge of the above to create a clay sculpture in the style of a chosen artist. |  | human forms (basic armatures) <br> Explore and understand how mod-roc is used with an armature. |  |  | mod-roc or using scratch and slip for clay sculpture) |
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| Textile and Collage | Develop collages, based on a simple drawing, using papers and materials (Picasso) <br> Weave using recycled materials - paper, carrier bags, ropes, fabrics (Seaside theme/items washed up on the shore) <br> Investigate a range of textures through rubbings - rough surface, stones, tree, leaf (coastal textures) <br> Develop tearing, cutting and layering paper to create different effects | Collect natural materials to create a temporary collage (an autumnal tree using sticks/rocks/leaves etc) <br> Simple repeat printed block design using a small fabric swatch (for sketchbooks) | Dye fabrics using tea, red cabbage, beetroot, spinach. <br> Investigate tie-dying <br> Create a collage using fabric as a base <br> Develop individual and group collages, working on a range of scales Stone Age | Explore and collect fabric designs and texture combinations. <br> Sew simple stitches using a variety of threads and wool (running, back, blanket and cross) <br> Use a range of stimuli for collage work, considering abstract ways of showing views. | Introduce fabric block printing <br> Investigate ways of changing fabrics sewing, cutting, tearing, creasing, knotting, felt making etc. <br> Experiment with circular embroidery frames | Weave using painting/drawing/vista as a stimulus - the natural world (landscapes) <br> Create texture when weaving, using a range of materials/fabrics/wools/t hreads |
| Knowledge about Artists | Pupils should be taught: <br> - about the work of a rang makers and designers, des differences and similarities practices and disciplines, | of artists, craft ribing the between different nd making links to | Pupils should be taught: <br> - about great artists, archi | cts and designers in history |  |  |


|  | their own work |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  | Describe the work of artwork of artists such as: <br> Sculptors: <br> Henry Moore <br> *Comparison: <br> -Jon Arp <br> -Barbara Hepworth <br> -Liz Leyh (Concrete Cows) <br> Painters: <br> Giuseppe Arcimboldo: vegetable and fruit formation studies and positioning for portraits. (Links to Handa's Surprise) <br> Pablo Picasso <br> *Comparison: <br> -Georges Braque <br> -Paul Klee <br> Block Printing: <br> Richard Long <br> -Paul Klee (inspiration for block printing) <br> -Traditional Chinese block printing (consideration of works from other cultures) <br> Weaving: <br> -A range of craft makers | Describe the work of artwork of artists such as: <br> Sculptors: <br> Benjamin Waterhouse <br> Hawkins (Crystal Palace <br> Dinosaurs) <br> Painters: <br> Sergey Krasovskiy <br> (Dinosaurs) <br> -Vladimir Nikolov <br> -H. Kyoht Luterman <br> Pablo Picasso <br> Owl | Use the work of artists to replicate ideas or inspire own work e.g. <br> Sculptors: <br> Antony Gormley <br> Painters: <br> Van Gogh <br> -Matisse (Fauvism plants) <br> -Georgia O'Keeffe <br> -Monet <br> -Bridget Riley (illusions and tessellations) | Use the work of artists to replicate ideas or inspire own work e.g. <br> Sculptors: <br> Traditional craft/work and artefacts from Ancient Egypt (canopic jars) <br> Ai Weiwei: Circle of Animals/Zodiac Heads (canopic jars) <br> -Liz Leyh (Concrete Cows) <br> Damien Hirst; Away from the Flock (Animal sewing) <br> Painters: <br> Wassily Kandinsky <br> (Several Circles) Space art links <br> -George Melies <br> -Roy Lichtenstein re: abstract colour use <br> -Gaudi - colour use (print, paint and mosaic with links to architecture) <br> Printing/Marbling: <br> * Suminagashi - method of marbling developed in Japan. <br> * Ebru paper marbling, developed in the Middle Ages in Turkey | Use the work of artists to replicate ideas or inspire own work e.g. <br> Sculptors: <br> Painters: <br> -Ruth Daniels <br> -Henri Rousseau <br> (Rainforest) <br> -L.S Lowry (transfer to monoprint re: bleak, Victorian landscapes) -In the Bleak Midwinter (Victorian art with links to Charles Dickens) <br> Sculptors: <br> Rupert Till <br> - Ivan Lovatt <br> - Sophie Ryder <br> Textile Artist: <br> Patricia Greaves (textiles - making felt) | Use the work of artists to replicate ideas or inspire own work e.g. <br> Sculptors: <br> Painters: <br> David Hockney <br> (Landscapes) <br> -Andy Warhol (painting and print) <br> -Roy Lichtenstein <br> (painting and print) <br> -Frida Kahlo (self portraits) <br> - Cezanne (landscapes) <br> - Derain (landscapes) <br> Sculptors: <br> Franz Xaver <br> Messerschmidt <br> Printing: <br> Keith Haring (painting and print) <br> -Berenice Sydney |

