



GILES BROOK SCHOOL

Useful websites

<https://www.dkfindout.com/us/history/ancient-greece/>

<https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/z87tn39>

Knowledge Organiser

History: Ancient Greece

I already know:

- About the Roman Empire who became dominant after the Ancient Greeks.
- Key terminology about history such as artefact, timeline, chronology, primary and secondary sources of information.

Key Vocabulary

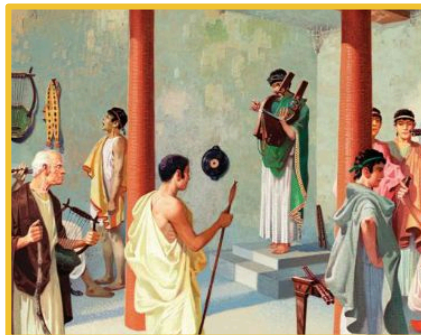
| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Empire | A group of places ruled by one country or monarch. |
| Civilisation | A period of development characterised by specific features. |
| Democracy | Government where everyone has a say. |
| City-state | A city that operates like a country. |
| Polytheist Religion | A religion with many gods. |
| Patriarchy | Society where males are considered in charge. |
| Monotheist | A religion with a single god. |
| Olympus | The mythical home of the Greek gods. |



Two significant city-states in Ancient Greece were Athens and Sparta. They had significantly different approaches to governance.



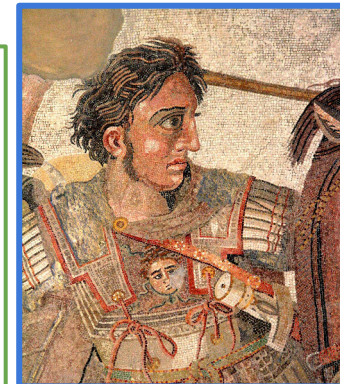
The Ancient Greeks believed in many gods and they had lots of stories about them which explained natural phenomena.



Family life in Ancient Greece was very different to today. Boys and girls had clear roles with the things they were allowed to do.



Some believe that our idea of modern democracy comes from how the Athenians governed. Citizens would hold meetings at the Parthenon.



Alexander the Great is still considered one of the most successful military leaders ever. He built an empire from Greece to India.